
Creative Software Design

1 - Course Intro

Yoonsang Lee

Fall 2020

Course Information

- Instructor: Yoonsang Lee (이윤상)
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- Course Homepage
 - The Blackboard course homepage at portal.hanyang.ac.kr (or learn.hanyang.ac.kr)
 - Slides will be uploaded to **Course Content(코스 콘텐츠)** – **Lecture Slides**, probably *just before the lecture*. So, **download lecture slides at the beginning of each lecture.**
 - If you want to study the lecture slides in advance, please refer to last year's lecture slides (They won't change much): <https://cgrhyu.github.io/courses/2019-fall-csd.html>

Live Online Lecture

- This semester's lectures and labs will be given in “live online lectures” to minimize the difference from my regular offline lectures.
- All students are required to join “Lecture Session” and “Lab Session” on time.
- Question policy:
 - "Lecture Session": Questions are available on another site (slido.com, which will be explained in the later slide).
 - "Lab Session": Click “raise hand” (at the bottom of the session screen) to indicate that you have a question. The TA or undergraduate mentor will talk to you in 1:1 chat in order.
- Attendance check
- Lecture session
 - Online quiz submission (using slido.com, which will be explained in the later slide)
 - Session participation records
- Lab session
 - Late: 10 minutes after session start
 - Absence: 20 minutes after session start
 - Minimum session participating time for attendance: 20% of session time
- Common for Lecture & Lab
 - 3 lates are regarded as 1 absence.

Course Overview

- In this course, you will
 - Learn the fundamentals of C++ language
 - key concepts of object-oriented programming such as classes, inheritance, and polymorphism
 - references, pointers, dynamic allocation
 - Practice programming skills by writing many exercise programs
 - Practice using development tools and editors in Unix/Linux environment.

References

- Beginner's book:
 - C++ Primer Plus (6th edition), Stephen Prata
- For deeper understanding:
 - Effective C++ (3rd edition), Scott Meyers
 - More Effective C++, Scott Meyers
 - Effective STL, Scott Meyers
 - Effective Modern C++, Scott Meyers

Prerequisites

- Introduction to Software Design (소프트웨어 입문 설계)
- C programming language
- However, we'll have a brief review of C pointers / structures next week.

Schedule (subject to change)

Week	Topic	Tue	Wed	Thr
1	1 - Course Intro / 1 - Lab1 - Environment Setting, 1 - Lab2 - G++, Make, GDB	9/1	9/2	9/3
2	2 - Review of C Pointer, Const and Structure 2 - Lab - Gitlab	9/8	9/9	9/10
3	3 – Differences Between C & C++	9/15	9/16	9/17
4	4 - Dynamic Memory Allocation, References	9/22	9/23	9/24
5	5 - Compilation and Linkage, CMD Arguments	9/29	9/30	10/1
6	6 - Class	10/6	10/7	10/8
7	7 - Standard Template Library (STL)	10/13	10/14	10/15
8	Midterm Exam	10/20	10/21	10/22
9	8 - Inheritance, Const & Class	10/27	10/28	10/29
10	9 - Polymorphism 1	11/3	11/4	11/5
11	10 - Polymorphism 2	11/10	11/11	11/12
12	11 – Copy Constructor, Operator Overloading	11/17	11/18	11/19
13	12 - Template	11/24	11/25	11/26
14	13 - Exception Handling	12/1	12/2	12/3
15	Final Exam	12/8	12/9	12/10

Lectures & Labs

- Lecture (Tue) + Labs (Wed, Thu)
- Lecture (by instructor)
 - Traditional classroom-based learning.
- Labs (by TA)
 - Time for solving assignment problems by yourselves.
 - TA and undergraduate mentors will help you.

Assignments

- 1 assignment for each lab session.
- TA and undergraduate mentors will help you to solve the problems.
 - You can ask questions!
- Lab1(Wed) assignment due: 23:59 on the day.
- Lab2(Thu) assignment due: 23:59 on next Tue.

Policy for Assignments

- **NO SCORE** for late submissions
 - Submit before the deadline!
- **NO SCORE** for copying
 - If A copies B's code, A and B will get 0 point.
 - If A, B, C copies the same code from the internet, they will all get 0 point.
 - Collaboration is encouraged, **but assignments must be your own work.**

Midterm / Final Exam

- The midterm exam are postponed during online lecture period.
 - It may be canceled if the online lecture period is quite longer.
- But at least, I hope to take the final exam offline.
- But the final exams may also be canceled if all lectures / labs are offered online throughout the semester.
 - In this case, the "final project" will replace the final exam.
 - Last semester, final exams were replaced by "final projects" in all my courses

Grading

- With the midterm & final exams

Midterm exam	35%
Final exam	35%
Assignments	20%
Attendance	5%
Class attitude	5%

- With the final exam or final project only

Midterm exam	0%
Final exam	52.5%
Assignments	37.5%
Attendance	5%
Class attitude	5%

Grading

- You will get "F" for more than 5 absences in lectures or 10 absences in the labs.
- Absences from the midterm or final exam -> F

CAUTION: Penalty & ABF

- Grade penalty:
 - 3rd year (junior) students: max grade A0
 - 4th year (senior) students: max grade A0
- ABF course:
 - Final grade will be given as one of A, B or F.
 - At least 10% of students will be given F.
 - F is given only by your scores regardless of how much is left to graduate, so **4th year students should be very careful to take this course.**

Grading Policy

- Basic principle: Separating the grades where there is a big gap between scores.
- Guideline:

A	30%
B	55%~60%
F	10%~15%

Language

- I will mainly use English in lectures.
- **But the most important goal is improving your understanding**, both for English and non-English speakers.
 - So, I'll **“paraphrase” the explanation in Korean for most slides.**
- In lab sessions, TA will try to use English.
 - You can ask TA personally in Korean.
 - Of course, TA will try to give answers in English when asked in English.
- Now, let's have a brief summary for prev. slides in Korean.

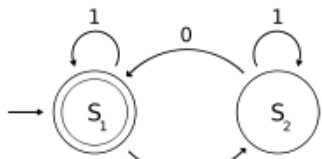
Computer Science

Computer science (abbreviated CS or CompSci) is the scientific and practical approach to computation and its applications.

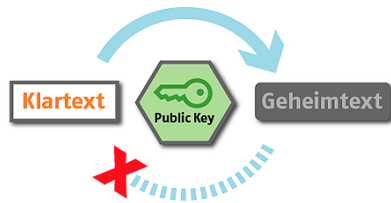
It is the systematic study of the feasibility, structure, expression, and mechanization of the methodical processes (or algorithms) that underlie the acquisition, representation, processing, storage, communication of, and access to information, whether such information is encoded in bits and bytes in a computer memory or transcribed engines and protein structures in a human cell.

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Computer_science

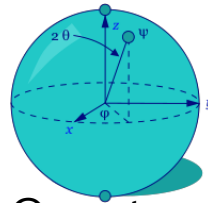
Areas of Computer Science



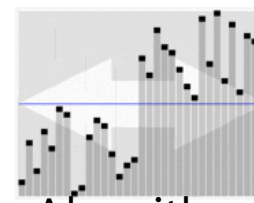
Automata theory



Cryptography



Quantum computing



Algorithms



Data structure

```
def add(x):
    return x+3

def dotwrite(ast):
    nodename = getNodeName()
    label=wybol.syn_name.get(int(ast[0]),ast[0])
    print "  %s [label='%s' %s (nodename, label)
    if instance(ast[1], ast):
        if ast[1].strip():
            print "'%s'" % ast[1]
        else:
            print ""
    else:
        print ""
    children = []
    for in in children.get(ast[1]):
        children.append(dotwrite(child))
    print "'%s'" % ast[1]
    for in in children:
        print "%s" % in.name,
```

Programming language



Compiler design



Operating system



Database



Computer network



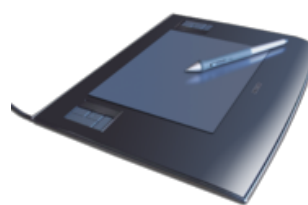
Machine learning



Computer vision



Robotics



HCI



Bioinformatics



Computer graphics

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Computer_science

Programming

Programming is the comprehensive process that leads from an original formulation of a computing problem to executable programs. [wikipedia]

Let's revisit the basics related to programming.

- Programming language.
- Computer hardware.
- Operating system and development environment.
- Data structure and algorithm.
- Coding style, collaboration, source management (version control).

Programming Language

A formal language designed to communicate instructions to a computer.

- Syntax and semantics.
 - Language syntax and constructs.
 - Type checking - strongly typed languages.
- Standard library and running environment.
 - Tightly related to the operating system and compiler.

In this class, we learn/use ...

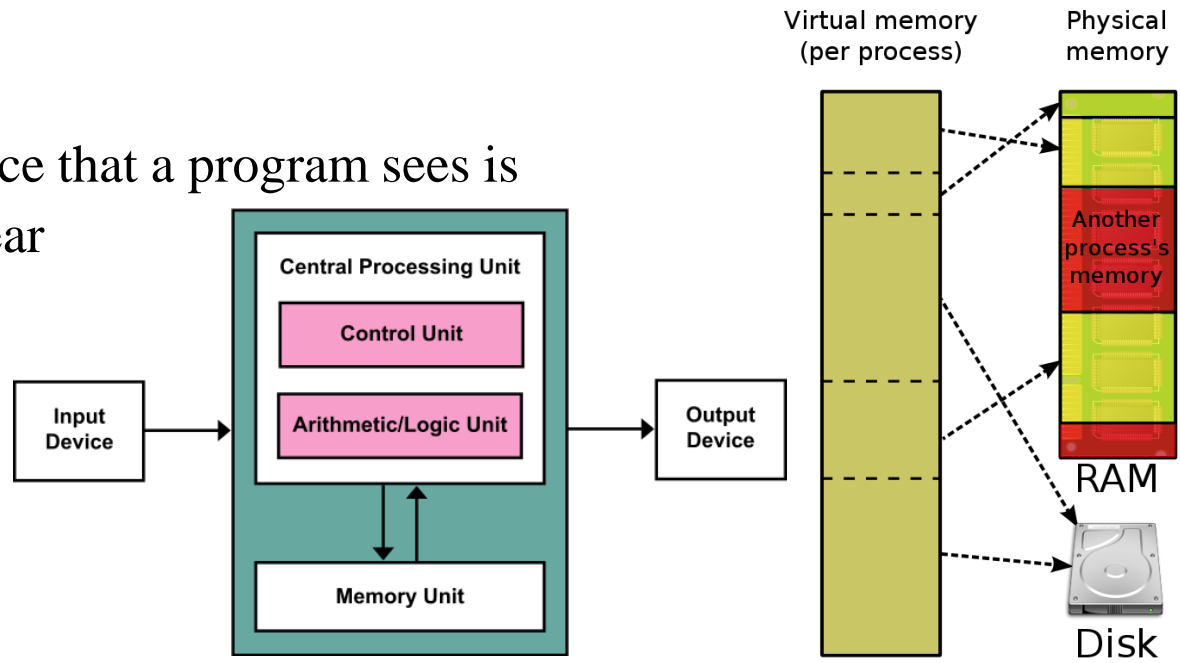
- C++ programming language
- Linux operating system
- G++ compiler, build tools like make, debugger like gdb, and more

Computer Hardware

- Von Neumann architecture.
 - Main components are CPU and memory.
 - Both program and data are stored in the memory (stored-program computer).
 - When a program is executed, the instructions are fetched from the memory, then decoded for execution.

- Virtual memory.

- The memory space that a program sees is a continuous linear address space.



Operating System and Dev. Environment

- The operating system is in charge of
 - resource management, including CPU and memory (time-sharing and virtual memory),
 - input/output (I/O) operations and file management, and
 - execution and termination of programs.
- Development environment
 - Text editor, basic text tools + Compiler, linker, debugger, profiler + Build system, source management tools, etc.
 - vim, emacs, nano, grep, find, diff, ...
g++, gcc, gdb, cgdb, ...
make, cmake, svn, git, ...
 - IDE (Integrated -) : Visual Studio, Eclipse, IntelliJ, ...

Data Structure and Algorithm

Programming starts with designing data structures and algorithms to solve the given problem.

- Data structure = how is the information stored?
 - Array (fixed-size, dynamically allocated)
 - Linked list (doubly-), stack, queue, deque,
 - Strings,
 - Trees (binary, B-), graphs, ...
- Algorithms = how is the information processed?
 - Sorting, searching, matching (regular expression),
 - Keeping a tree balanced, path finding in a graph, etc.

Collaboration and Source Management

Large programs are almost always built by multiple programmers over long period of time.

- Coding style = how to format the code?
 - Nothing to do with the program performance, but
 - Very important for human programmers to easily collaborate.
 - Tabs vs spaces, 80-column or not, blanks before/after operators, braces in a new line or in the same line, etc.
- Multiple versions of code edited by multiple programmers.
 - Share the code and manage multiple versions.
 - Review the changes and merge them without breaking the existing system.
 - Release management, etc.

Interactive C++

- Interactive environment helps learning a programming language, libraries, and other tools.
- Cling
 - <https://cdn.rawgit.com/root-project/cling/master/www/index.html>
 - Linux and Mac OS X (Windows via its Ubuntu support)
- C++ Tutor
 - <http://www.pythontutor.com/cpp.html#mode=edit>
 - Visualizes the execution of c++ program (experimental)

Interactive C++

- Cling Demo
- C++ Tutor Demo

```
#include <iostream>

int main() {
    std::cout << "hello_world\n"; // Print hello_world.
    return 0;
}
```

Questions – Slido.com

- I know very well how uncomfortable it is to ask questions in the middle of class.
- To encourage questions, we'll use an online, anonymous Q&A platform – slido.com

Just Try It!

- Go to <https://www.slido.com/>
- Join #csd-hyu
- Ask any questions **in English!**
 - You can use Google Translator if you have difficulty writing in English.

Questions – Slido.com

- In slido.com, you can
 - **Ask** your own questions
 - **Upvote** other questions
- We'll use the slido Q&A **only during lecture time.**
 - Not after lecture time
 - Not in lab sessions
 - No written answers
- Please ask questions **anonymously.**
 - Just leave your name blank when post a question.

Quiz & Attendance – Slido.com

- 3 quiz problems for each lecture (using slido.com Polls).
- Simple questions – you have to submit the answer in two minutes.
- **I'll check attendance using quiz submission.**

Quiz & Attendance – Slido.com

- You **MUST** submit your answer in the following format:
 - **Student ID: Your answer**
 - e.g. **2017123456: 4)**
- Attendance checking:

Attendance	Number of submissions in the format - 3 times && You are in the classroom (session)
Late	Number of submissions in the format – 1~2 times && You are in the classroom (session)
Absence	Number of submissions in the format – 0 times You are NOT in the classroom (session)

- **3 lates are regarded as 1 absence.**

Quiz & Attendance – Slido.com

- If submitting a quiz answer without attending the class is detected,
- I think he or she has been also absent from the previous lecture.
- -> Check by “Absence” for these two lectures

Just Try a Quiz!

- Go to <https://www.slido.com/>
- Join #csd-hyu
- Click “Polls”

- Submit your answer in the following format:
 - **Student ID: Your answer**
 - e.g. **2017123456: 4)**

- Note that you must submit all quiz answers **in this format** to be checked by “attendance”.

About Laptop

- Lecture

- The lecture slides contains many C++ code.
- During lectures, you can compile, run, and test the code on your laptop.

- ~~• Lab~~

- ~~– The lab is held in a laptop only training room.~~
- ~~– If you want to borrow a laptop, contact the TA by email until the lab in this week.~~
- ~~– But, I strongly recommend you to bring your laptop at lab sessions.~~

Classroom Etiquette

- ~~DO NOT negatively affect other students in the classroom. For example,~~
 - ~~Doing other things (e.g. games) with your computer~~
 - ~~Using your phone for a long time~~
 - ~~Private conversation~~
 - ~~Sleeping on a desk~~
-
- ~~May be reflected in "Class attitude" in your grade~~

Lastly...

- If you agree on all the policies in this slides, see you this week's lab session!
- If not, please consider taking other classes instead.

Next Time

- Labs in this week:
 - Lab1: Environment Setting
 - Lab2: g++, make, gdb
- Next lecture:
 - 2 - Review of C Pointer, Const and Structure